



# **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY**

**POLICY:** Hematology – Coagadex Prior Authorization Policy

• Coagadex<sup>®</sup> (coagulation Factor X [human] intravenous infusion – BPL)

**REVIEW DATE:** 10/19/2022

# **OVERVIEW**

Coagadex, a plasma-derived coagulation Factor X product, is indicated for use in adults and children with hereditary Factor X deficiency for:<sup>1</sup>

- **On-demand treatment and control** of bleeding episodes.
- **Perioperative management** of bleeding in patients with mild and moderate hereditary Factor X deficiency.
- **Routine prophylaxis** to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes.

# **Disease Overview**

Factor X deficiency, a rare autosomal recessive inherited bleeding disorder, affects approximately 1 in 500,000 to 1,000,000 patients worldwide.<sup>2,3</sup> The Factor X protein has a key role to assist in activating the enzymes that are key in clot formation. In this condition, blood does not clot properly. Patients experience easy bruising, nose or mouth bleeds, and bleeding after trauma or surgery. Among patients with severe Factor X deficiency, umbilical cord bleeding can be one of the first signs; however, bleeding may present at any time. Serious bleeds include spontaneous head bleeds, spinal cord bleeds, and gastrointestinal bleeds. Women who have the condition may experience heavy menstrual bleeding or have menorrhagia. During pregnancy, women may miscarry during the first trimester or have other complications during labor and delivery. However, Factor X deficiency has an equal prevalence in men and women. It is recommended to maintain trough levels of around 20% to 30%. Other treatments include fresh frozen plasma, prothrombin complex concentrates, and Coagadex.

# Guidelines

The National Hemophilia Foundation Medical and Scientific Advisory Council has guidelines for the treatment of hemophilia and other bleeding disorders (revised February 2022).<sup>4</sup> Coagadex is recommended in patients who have Factor X deficiency.<sup>4</sup>

#### **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Coagadex. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Coagadex as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Coagadex to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

## **RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA**

Coverage of Coagadex is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

Hematology – Coagadex PA Policy Page 2

# **FDA-Approved Indication**

**1. Hereditary Factor X Deficiency.** Approve for 1 year if the agent is prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist.

## **CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL**

Coverage of Coagadex is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Coagadex<sup>®</sup> intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Durham, NC: BPL; November 2020.
- 2. Menegatti M, Peyvandi F. Treatment of rare factor deficiencies other than hemophilia. Blood. 2019;133(5):415-424.
- 3. Peyvandi F, Auerswald G, Austin SK, et al. Diagnosis, therapeutic advances, and key recommendations for the management of factor X deficiency. *Blood Rev.* 2021 Nov;50:100833.
- 4. National Hemophilia Foundation. MASAC (Medical and Scientific Advisory Council) recommendations concerning products licensed for the treatment of hemophilia and other bleeding disorders (Revised March 2022). MASAC Document #272. Adopted on April 27, 2022. Available at: <u>https://www.hemophilia.org/sites/default/files/document/files/272\_Treatment.pdf</u>. Accessed on October 13, 2022.



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