

Medical Policy:

Blincyto™ (blinatumomab) Intravenous

POLICY NUMBER	LAST REVIEW	ORIGIN DATE
MG.MM.PH.22	February 27, 2025	

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The treating physician or primary care provider must submit to EmblemHealth, or ConnectiCare, as applicable (hereinafter jointly referred to as "EmblemHealth"), the clinical evidence that the member meets the criteria for the treatment or surgical procedure. Without this documentation and information, EmblemHealth will not be able to properly review the request preauthorization or post-payment review. The clinical review criteria expressed below reflects how EmblemHealth determines whether certain services or supplies are medically necessary. This clinical policy is not intended to pre-empt the judgment of the reviewing medical director or dictate to health care providers how to practice medicine. Health care providers are expected to exercise their medical judgment in rendering appropriate care.

EmblemHealth established the clinical review criteria based upon a review of currently available clinical information (including clinical outcome studies in the peer reviewed published medical literature, regulatory status of the technology, evidence-based guidelines of public health and health research agencies, evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations, views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and other relevant factors). EmblemHealth expressly reserves the right to revise these conclusions as clinical information changes and welcomes further relevant information. Each benefit program defines which services are covered. The conclusion that a particular service or supply is medically necessary does not constitute a representation or warranty that this service or supply is covered and/or paid for by EmblemHealth, as some programs exclude coverage for services or supplies that EmblemHealth considers medically necessary.

If there is a discrepancy between this guideline and a member's benefits program, the benefits program will govern. Identification of selected brand names of devices, tests and procedures in a medical coverage policy is for reference only and is not an endorsement of any one device, test or procedure over another. In addition, coverage may be mandated by applicable legal requirements of a state, the Federal Government or the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) for Medicare and Medicaid members. All coding and web site links are accurate at time of publication.

EmblemHealth may also use tools developed by third parties, such as the MCG™ Care Guidelines, to assist us in administering health benefits. The MCG™ Care Guidelines are intended to be used in connection with the independent professional medical judgment of a qualified health care provider and do not constitute the practice of medicine or medical advice. EmblemHealth Services Company, LLC, has adopted this policy in providing management, administrative and other services to EmblemHealth Plan, Inc., EmblemHealth Insurance Company, EmblemHealth Services Company, LLC, and Health Insurance Plan of Greater New York (HIP) related to health benefit plans offered by these entities. ConnectiCare, an EmblemHealth company, has also adopted this policy. All of the aforementioned entities are affiliated companies under common control of EmblemHealth Inc.

Definitions

Blincyto (blinatumomab) is a bispecific T-cell engager designed to promote the lysis of cancer cells by binding simultaneously with both the CD3 protein on cytotoxic T-cells and the CD19 protein, a B-cell specific lymphocyte antigen expressed in specific types of acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL).

Dosing Limits [Medical Benefit]

Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL) (Adult/Pediatric)

Cycle 1 – 5 (Induction/Consolidation): 980 billable units per 42 days

Cycle 6 – 9 (Continued Therapy): 980 billable units per 84 days

Guideline

I. INITIAL CRITERIA

- 1. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. Approve if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C):
 - A. Patient has B-cell precursor disease; AND
 - B. Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii):

- i. Patient is Philadelphia chromosome negative and meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; OR
 - b. The medication is used for induction therapy; **OR**
 - c. The medication is used for consolidation therapy; OR
 - d. The medication is used for maintenance therapy; **OR**
- ii. Patient is Philadelphia chromosome-like and minimal residual disease positive; OR
- iii. Patient is Philadelphia chromosome positive and meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; OR
 - b. The medication nis used for induction therapy; **OR**
 - c. The medication is used for consolidation therapy; **OR**
 - d. The medication is used for maintenance therapy; AND
- C. Blincyto is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

II. RENEWAL CRITERIA

- 1. B-cell precursor acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), relapsed or refractory:
 - A. Patient continues to meet initial approval criteria; AND
 - B. Disease response or stabilization; AND
 - C. Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug, including cytokine release syndrome, neurological toxicities, serious infections, pancreatitis, tumor lysis syndrome, neutropenia/febrile neutropenia, elevation of LFTs, leukoencephalopathy.

Limitations/Exclusions

- 1. Approval will be granted for 30 weeks for a diagnosis of relapsed or refractory ALL and may be renewed twice for 24 weeks
- 2. Approval will be granted for 24 weeks for a diagnosis of MRD+ ALL and may not be renewed
- 3. Patient has not received a live vaccine within 2 weeks prior to initiating therapy and will not receive concurrent treatment with lives vaccine while on therapy.

Applicable Procedure Codes

Code	Description
J9039	Injection, blinatumomab, 1 microgram

Applicable NDCs

Code	Description
55513-0160-01	Blincyto 35mcg Solution Reconstituted J9039 Injection, blinatumomab, 1 microgram

ICD-10 Diagnoses

Code	Description
C83.50	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma unspecified site
C83.51	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of head, face, and neck
C83.52	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma intrathoracic lymph nodes
C83.53	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma intra-abdominal lymph nodes
C83.54	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of axilla and upper limb
C83.55	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of inguinal region and lower limb
C83.56	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma intrapelvic lymph nodes

C83.57	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma spleen
C83.58	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of multiple sites
C83.59	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma extranodal and solid organ sites
C91.00	Acute lymphoblastic leukemia not having achieved remission
C91.01	Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in remission
C91.02	Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in relapse

Revision History

Company(ies)	DATE	REVISION	
EmblemHealth & ConnectiCare	2/27/2025	Annual Review: Addition to limitations/exclusions - Patient has not received a live vaccine within 2 weeks prior to initiating therapy and will not receive concurrent treatment with lives vaccine while on therapy. For Philadelphia chromosome negative disease, removed patient is minimal residual disease positive as an option for approval. Added the medication is used for induction therapy as an option for approval. For Philadelphia chromosome-like disease removed minimal residual disease positive and added the medication is used for consolidation therapy. For Philadelphia chromosome-positive disease added the medication is used for induction therapy as an option for approval. Removed the patient has tried at least one tyrosine kinase inhibitor, the patient does not have a complete response to induction therapy, and patient is minimal residual disease positive as options for approval.	
EmblemHealth & ConnectiCare	3/28/2024	Annual Review: Updated dosing limits, Initial Criteria: Streamlined and reworded: deleted: "B-cell precursor acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), relapsed or refractory: Patient's disease is CD19+; AND Patient's disease is Philadelphia chromosome-negative OR Philadelphia chromosome-positive and refractory to tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) therapy. B-cell precursor acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), minimal residual disease (MRD)-positive: Patient's disease is CD19+; AND Patient's disease is in first or second complete remission; AND Patient has minimal residual disease greater than or equal to 0.1% And Added "Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. Approve if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C): Patient has B-cell precursor disease; AND Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii): Patient is Philadelphia chromosome negative and meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d): Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; OR Patient is minimal residual disease positive; OR The medication is used for consolidation therapy; OR The medication is used for maintenance therapy; OR Patient is Philadelphia chromosome positive and meets one of the following (a, b, c, d, e, or f) Patient has tried at least one tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) used for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukemia; OR <i>Note: Examples of a TKI include imatinib tablets, Sprycel (dasatinib tablets), Tasigna (nilotinib capsules).</i> Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; OR Patient does not have a complete response to induction therapy; OR Patient is minimal residual disease positive; OR The medication is used for consolidation therapy; OR The medication with an oncologist."	
EmblemHealth & ConnectiCare	7/25/2023	Annual Review: B-cell precursor acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), relapsed or refractory: Initia Criteria: Removed" Blincyto will be administered as a single-agent; AND There no evidence of active central nervous system involvement" Added ICD-10 Codes:	

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		C83.50	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma unspecified site
		C83.51	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of head,
			face, and neck
		C83.52	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma intrathoracic lymph nodes
		C83.53	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma intra-abdominal lymph
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		C83.54	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of axilla
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		C83.55	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of inguinal
			region and lower limb
		C83.56	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma intrapelvic lymph nodes
		C83.57	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma spleen
		C83.58	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma lymph nodes of multiple
			sites
		C83.59	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma extranodal and solid
			organ sites
		C91.01	Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in remission
EmblemHealth &	4/05/2022	Transferred p	olicy to new template
ConnectiCare			
EmblemHealth &	10/8/2019	Annual Review	
ConnectiCare			
EmblemHealth &	09/06/2018	Added coverage for MRD+ ALL, added approval durations, renewal	
ConnectiCare		criteria, and dosing	
EmblemHealth &	05/01/2018	"CD19+" descriptive added to refractory B-cell ALL	
ConnectiCare			

References

- 1. U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). FDA approves Blincyto to treat a rare form of acute lymphoblastic leukemia. FDA News Release. Silver Spring, MD: FDA; December 3, 2014.
- 2. Amgen Inc. Blincyto (blinatumomab) for injection, for intravenous use. Prescribing Information. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen; Revised March, 2020.
- 3. Amgen Inc. FDA approves Blincyto (blinatumomab) immunotherapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia. News Release. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen; December 3, 2014.
- 4. Topp MS, Gökbuget N, Zugmaier G, et al. Phase II trial of the anti-CD19 bispecific T cell-engager blinatumomab shows hematologic and molecular remissions in patients with relapsed or refractory B-precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia. J Clin Oncol. 2014 Nov 10. [Epub ahead of print]
- 5. Topp MS, Gökbuget N, Zugmaier G, et al. Long-term follow-up of hematologic relapse-free survival in a phase 2 study of blinatumomab in patients with MRD in B-lineage ALL. Blood. 2012;120(26):5185-5187.
- 6. Topp MS, Kufer P, Gökbuget N, et al. Targeted therapy with the T-cell-engaging antibody blinatumomab of chemotherapy-refractory minimal residual disease in B-lineage acute lymphoblastic leukemia patients results in high response rate and prolonged leukemia-free survival. J Clin Oncol. 2011;29(18):2493-2498.
- 7. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN). Blinatumomab. NCCN Drug & Biologics Compendium. Fort Washington, PA: NCCN; 2014