

Commercial/Healthcare Exchange PA Criteria

Effective: July 25th, 2018

Prior Authorization: Needle phobia

<u>Products Affected</u>: This policy applies to drugs where the drug requires prior authorization. Drug-specific policies must be reviewed prior to applying the criteria listed below. This policy should be applied when a drug-specific policy does not address needle phobia.

Covered Uses: N/A

Exclusion Criteria: Drugs related to the treatment of non-covered services are not covered. Certain classes of injectable medications are excluded from coverage under some benefit plans. Please check benefit plan descriptions for details.

Required Medical Information: Medical chart documentation

<u>Age Restrictions</u>: N/A

Prescriber Restrictions: N/A

Coverage Duration: Per drug specific policy

Other Criteria: Needlephobia is considered when ALL of the following criteria have been met:

- 1. The use of needles causes marked fear or anxiety in the member.
- 2. The use of needles is actively avoided or endured with intense fear or anxiety.
- 3. The fear or anxiety is out of proportion to the actual danger posed by the use of needles to administer medications
- 4. The fear, anxiety, or avoidance of needle use is persistent, typically lasting for 6 months or more, despite continued attempts.
- 5. The fear, anxiety, or avoidance of needle use causes clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.
- 6. The members fear of needles is not better explained by the symptoms of another mental disorder including fear, anxiety, and avoidance of situations associated with panic-like symptoms.
- 7. The member has been given a diagnosis of fear of injections by the prescribing physician.
- 8. The member has clinically documented "vasovagal reflex" as a result of self-administered needle use. Vasovagal Reflex reaction is defined by an initial rise in blood pressure followed by a very steep drop in blood pressure, which usually results in loss of consciousness, and sometimes in convulsions.

<u>References</u>:

1. BJA: British Journal of Anaesthesia, Volume 113, Issue 1, 1 July 2014, Pages 4–6, https://doi.org/10.1093/bja/aeu013

2. Hamilton G, James. Needle Phobia: A Neglected Diagnosis. Journal of Family Pretice. 1995 August. (v41 n2) Start Page: p169(7) ISSN: 0094-3509.



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3. American Psychiatric Association (APA). Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders. 5th ed. Washington, DC: APA; 2013

Policy Revision history

Rev #	Type of Change	Summary of Change	Sections Affected	Date
1	New Policy	New Policy	All	7/25/18



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